LENTIBULARIACEAE

Utricularia minutissima Vahl [= Utricularia capillacea Wight ex Oliv.; U. lilliput Pellegr.] **Description:** Herbs; rhizoids up to 1 cm long, simple, glandular; stolons up to 2 cm long, glandular or



Utricularia minutissima Vahl Courtesy: S.R. Yadav & N.V. Malpure

glabrous, sparsely branched. Foliar organs up to 15 mm long, linear, 1nerved, glandular and terete at base, rounded at apex. Traps 0.2-0.3 mm across, subglobose to ovoid, on vegetative organs, stalked; mouth lateral, circular; upper lip with one subulate appendage; lower lip with two, lateral, wing-like appendages of radiating rows of gland-tipped processes. Racemes 2-7 cm long, erect, reddish-brown, glabrous, 1-4-flowered; scales similar to bracts; bracts c 0.8 mm long, basifixed, linearovate, rarely 1-nerved, often united at base with bracteoles; bracteoles up to 0.8 mm long, at least half as wide as bracts, linear-ovate, 1-nerved; flowers c 4 mm long; pedicels up to 0.5 mm long, terete. Calyx-lobes slightly unequal, ovate to obovate, hooded, glabrous or rarely papillose; upper lobe 1.2-2 mm long, obtuse at apex; lower 1.3-1.8 mm long, notched at apex. Corolla pink with a white tinge; upper lip up to 2.5 mm long, oblong, ciliate along lower margin, rounded or emarginate at apex; lower lip c 1.3×2 mm, shallowly 3-lobed, raised at base; spur up to 2.5 mm long, straight, horizontal, notched at apex.

Stamens c 0.9 mm long; filaments flattened, curved, 1-nerved; anther thecae distinct. Pistil c 0.9 mm long; ovary obliquely ovoid; styles short; stigma 2-lipped, lower lip short or obsolete, upper long and recurved. Capsules up to 2 mm long, obliquely ovoid, uniformly membranous; placenta c 1 mm long, ovoid. Seeds c 0.2 mm across, globose to obovoid; testa reticulate, cells large, more or less isodiametric.

Fl. & Fr.: August-September (to December).

Habitat: In wet sandy soil near water stagnant places; from sea-level to 500 m.

Chromosomes: n = 8 (Subramanyam & Kamble, 1968).

Pollen: 3-colporate, 24-26 x 17-18 μ or 20 x 22 μ (Thanikaimoni, 1966); 3-colporate, 18 x 22 μ (Huynh, 1968); 3-colporate, 24 x 26 μ (Taylor, 1989).

Distribution: India - Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Odisha, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Kerala. India to Japan and South to Australia;

Notes: Utricularia minutissima Vahl is related to U. hirta Klein ex Link. But the former can be distinguished by its reddish brown inflorescence, absence of septate hairs, and uniformly membranous capsule.

According to Subramanyam (l.c.) the range of colours noticed in flowers from pink, blue, violet to white is perhaps due to the difference in the habitat and type of soil.

References:

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